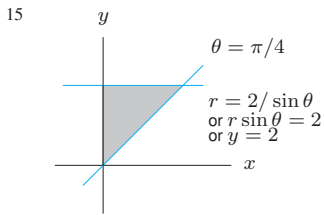
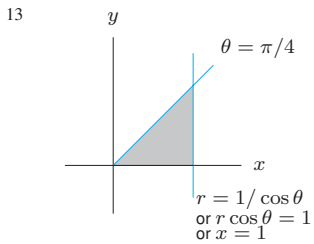
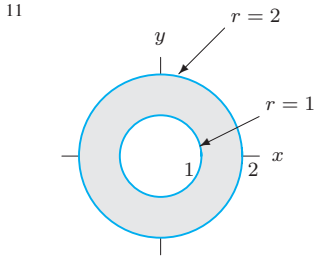
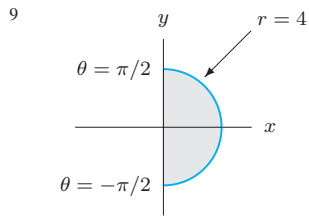


5  $\int_1^5 \int_2^4 f(x, y) dy dx$

7  $\int_{-\pi}^{2\pi} \int_2^4 f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta) r dr d\theta$



17  $\pi(1 - \cos 4)$

19  $-2/3$

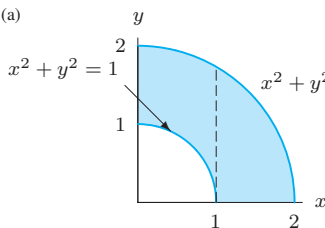
21 1.

23 (a) (i)  $\int_0^{\pi/6} \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^5 \rho^2 \sin \phi d\rho d\phi d\theta;$   
 $125\pi/9$

(ii)  $\int_0^{\pi/6} \int_0^5 \int_0^{\sqrt{25-r^2}} r dz dr d\theta;$   
 $2 \int_0^{\pi/6} \int_0^5 \int_0^{\sqrt{25-z^2}} r dr dz d\theta;$   
 $125\pi/9$

(b)  $1/12(4/3\pi 5^3)$

25 (a)



(b)  $7/3$

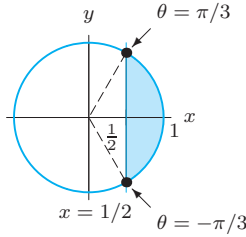
27  $32\pi(\sqrt{2} - 1)/3$

29 (a)  $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^3 r/(r^2 + 1) dr d\theta$

(b)  $\pi \ln 10$

31  $250\pi/3$  grams

33 (a)



(b)  $(4\pi - 3\sqrt{3})/12$

35 (a)  $\int_{-\sqrt{3}/2}^{\sqrt{3}/2} \int_{1-\sqrt{1-y^2}}^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} dx dy$

(b)  $\int_0^1 \int_{-\arccos(r/2)}^{\arccos(r/2)} r d\theta dr$

37 Upper limit for inner integral  $1/\cos \theta$

39 Quarter disk  $0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq \sqrt{1-x^2}$

41 (a), (c), (e)

### Section 16.5

1 (a) is (IV); (b) is (II); (c) is (VII); (d) is (VI); (e) is (III); (f) is (V)

3  $z = \sqrt{1-r^2}$

5  $\phi = \pi/4$

7  $\rho = 4/\cos \phi$

9  $200\pi/3$

11  $25\pi$

13  $\int_0^1 \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^4 f \cdot r dr d\theta dz$

15  $\int_0^{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \int_2^3 f \cdot \rho^2 \sin \phi d\rho d\phi d\theta$

17  $\int_0^5 \int_0^2 \int_0^{x/5} f dz dy dx$

19  $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^K \int_{-\sqrt{K^2-r^2}}^{\sqrt{K^2-r^2}} r dz dr d\theta$

21  $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 \int_{2r}^4 f(r, \theta, z) r dz dr d\theta$

23  $\int_{-2}^2 \int_{-\sqrt{4-x^2}}^{\sqrt{4-x^2}} \int_{2\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}^4 h(x, y, z) dz dy dx$

25 (a)  $\int_{-1/\sqrt{2}}^{1/\sqrt{2}} \int_{-\sqrt{(1/2)-x^2}}^{\sqrt{(1/2)-x^2}} \int_{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}^{\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2}} dz dy dx$

(b)  $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{1/\sqrt{2}} \int_r^{\sqrt{1-r^2}} r dz dr d\theta$

(c)  $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/4} \int_0^1 \rho^2 \sin \phi d\rho d\phi d\theta$

27 (a)  $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\sqrt{2}} \int_r^{\sqrt{4-r^2}} r dz dr d\theta$

(b)  $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/4} \int_0^2 \rho^2 \sin \phi d\rho d\phi d\theta$

29  $V = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/3} \int_0^3 \rho^2 \sin \phi d\rho d\phi d\theta$   
Order of integration can be altered;  
other coordinates can be used

31  $V = \int_0^{\pi} \int_{\sqrt{2}}^{\sqrt{3}} \int_5^{10} r dz dr d\theta;$   
Order of integration can be altered;  
other coordinates can be used

33  $V = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^3 \int_1^{\sqrt{10-r^2}} r dz dr d\theta$   
or

$V = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_1^{\sqrt{10}} \int_0^{\sqrt{10-z^2}} r dr dz d\theta$  Or-  
der of integration can be altered;  
other coordinates can be used

35 (a)  $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{1/\sqrt{3}} \int_{\sqrt{3}r}^1 r dz dr d\theta$   
(b)  $\pi/9$

37  $16\pi(\sqrt{2} - 1)/(3\sqrt{2})$

39  $28\pi/15$

41  $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{5/\sqrt{2}} \int_r^{5/\sqrt{2}} r dz dr d\theta =$   
 $125\pi/(6\sqrt{2}) = 46.28 \text{ cm}^3$

43 (a) Negative

(b) Zero

45  $pqr/6$

47  $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_a^b \rho^2 \sin \phi d\rho d\phi d\theta$   
 $= 2\pi(b^3 - a^3)/3$

49 (a)  $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\sqrt{2}} \int_0^{2-z} (2-z)r dz dr d\theta$   
(b)  $(\frac{16\sqrt{2}}{3} - \frac{4}{3})\pi$

51  $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^3 2\rho^3 \sin \phi d\rho d\phi d\theta$

53  $1/32$

55 (a) Mass =

$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^a \int_{-\sqrt{a^2-r^2}}^{\sqrt{a^2-r^2}} k|z|r dz dr d\theta$

(b)  $\pi ka^4/2$

57  $3/4$

61  $3I = \frac{6}{5}a^2; I = \frac{2}{5}a^2$

63  $(q^2/8\pi\epsilon)((1/a) - (1/b))$

65 Mass =  $\int_{-2}^2 \int_{-\sqrt{4-x^2}}^{\sqrt{4-x^2}} \int_0^{4-x^2-y^2} e^{-x-y} dz dy dx$  gm

67  $1/27$

69  $2\pi G\delta(H + R - \sqrt{R^2 + H^2})$

71 Total charge =  $2\pi kR^2$

73 (c)

75 Limits of outer integral not constant

77  $\int_W \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} dx dy dz;$   
 $W$  is unit ball  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 1$

### Section 16.6

1 Is a joint density function

3 Not a joint density function

5 Is joint density function

7 0

9 1

11  $7/8$

13  $1/16$

15 (a)  $20/27$

(b)  $199/243$

17 (a)  $k = 3/8$

(b)  $15/32$

(c)  $1/16$

19  $\int_{65}^{100} \int_{0.8}^1 f(x, y) dx dy$

23  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (p_1(x, y) + p_2(x, y)) dx dy =$   
 $2$